

ELECTRICITY!


$$
x^{2}
$$




$$
6
$$

## On <br> 

## How big is a billion?

- If a billion kids made a human tower, they would stand up past the moon.
- If you sat down to count from one to one billion, you would be counting for 95 years.
- A billion seconds ago it was 1959.


### 0.63 miles ( 1.01 km )

Higher than the
"world's tallest building"




## Let's go atomic



Equal number protons and electrons



## $\dagger \rightarrow \leftarrow-$ Attract




$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { I I I I } \\
& \text { I I I I I I I } \\
& \text { Insulator } \\
& +++++\quad+\quad+ \\
& ++++++
\end{aligned}
$$




## Voltage

The potential of electricity to move.


Voltage can also be though of as pressure.


Source \& Load
(everything must be consumed!)

## Current

The flow of electricity.




## SHORT <br> CIRCUIT!!

## Resistance

Duh.

## Georg Ohm (1800s)



## Ohm's Law!!

$$
v=i^{\star} r
$$

## Ohm's Law!!

voltage=current*resistance

## Ohm's Law!!

## voltage=current*resistance

current $=$ voltage $/$ resistance

## Ohm's Law!!

voltage=current*resistance
current $=$ voltage/resistance
resistance $=$ voltage/current

OHM'S LAW!!

$$
v=i^{*} r
$$

## voltage is measured in Volts

## current is measured in Amperes (Amps)

resistance is measured in Ohms


## Circuit

Power source \& components that convert energy.

## Huh?

## Sensors

Take one type of energy and turn it into electricity (transduction).

## Actuators

Take electricity and turn it into another form of energy.

Physical computing is a lot about understanding what energy from people we can measure, how to measure it, and then what to do with that info.


AC DC?

#  

Direct Current Alternating Current


Can I hurt myself???

## Let's try it out!

Parts

## Schematics

## Power \& Ground

5 V

Resistor


## Switch



# LED (Light Emitting Diode) 




Series

Parallel

Button

Button Series

fritzing
Button Parallel


